

# Unit 7/9 - Quadratic Equations

Factor:

1. Factor:  $5x^2 + 15x$  (2) terms - GCF method

(A)  $5x(x+15)$  (B)  $5(x^2+3x)$   
 (C)  $5x(x+3)$  (D)  $5x(x+15x)$

(2) - GCF method  
 (2) - Difference of 2 Squares  
 (3) -  $a=1$   
 (3) -  $a \neq 1$

GCF:  $5x^1$ 

$5x^2$	$15x$
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$5x^2$   $15x$   
 $\overset{1}{\cdot} \overset{5}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot}$   $\overset{3}{\cdot} \overset{5}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot}$

GCF =  $5 \cdot x = 5x$

2. What are the zeros of the following factors:  $(x-11)(x-5) = 0$ ?

(A)  $x=11$  and  $5$  (B)  $x=-11$  and  $-5$   
 (C)  $x=-11$  and  $5$  (D)  $x=11$  and  $-5$

$x-11=0$   $x-5=0$   
 $+11+11$   $+5+5$   
 $x=11$   $x=5$

3. Factor to find the solutions of the quadratic equation:  $x^2 + 5x = -6$ ?  $\rightarrow a=1$ ; X-method

(A)  $x=-2$  and  $3$  (B)  $x=-3$  and  $-2$   
 (C)  $x=2$  and  $3$  (D)  $x=-3$  and  $2$

$x^2 + 5x = -6$   
 $+6+6$   
 $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$

$(x+2)(x+3) = 0$   
 $x+2=0$   $x+3=0$   
 $-2-2$   $-3-3$   
 $x=-2$   $x=-3$

$a=1$   $b=5$   $c=6$

4. Solve by factoring:  $2x^2 - x - 15 = 0$  3 terms  $\rightarrow a \neq 1$ ; X-method + box method

(A)  $x=-3$  or  $x=\frac{5}{2}$  (B)  $x=3$  or  $x=\frac{5}{2}$   
 (C)  $x=3$  or  $x=-\frac{5}{2}$  (D)  $x=-3$  or  $x=-\frac{5}{2}$

$2x^2 - x - 15 = 0$

$2x$ 

$2x^2$	$-6x$
$5x$	$-15$

$2x+5=0$   $x-3=0$   
 $-5-5$   $+3+3$   
 $2x=-5$   $x=3$   
 $x=-\frac{5}{2}$

5. Find the GCF of the following expression:  $10x^3 - 5x^2$

(A)  $2x$  (B)  $5x^2$   
 (C)  $5x$  (D)  $2x^2$

GCF:  $5x^2$ 

$10x^3$	$-5x^2$
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$10x^3$   $-5x^2$   
 $\overset{2}{\cdot} \overset{5}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot}$   $\overset{-1}{\cdot} \overset{5}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot} \overset{x}{\cdot}$

GCF =  $5 \cdot x \cdot x = 5x^2$